John 19:1-16

Pilate sentences Jesus to die

So Pilate then took Jesus and flogged him. 2 The soldiers twisted thorns into a crown, and put it on his head, and dressed him in a purple garment. 3 They kept saying, "Hail, King of the Jews!" and they kept slapping him.

Meditation Question: The soldiers cruelly mocked and beat Jesus. Explain why and how Jesus accepted this punishment.

4 Then Pilate went out again, and said to them, "Behold, I bring him out to you, that you may know that I find no basis for a charge against him." 5 Jesus therefore came out, wearing the crown of thorns and the purple garment. Pilate said to them, "Behold, the man!" 6 When therefore the chief priests and the officers saw him, they shouted, saying, "Crucify! Crucify!"

Meditation Question: Why did they hate Jesus so much?

Pilate said to them, "Take him yourselves, and crucify him, for I find no basis for a charge against him."

7 The Jews answered him, "We have a law, and by our law he ought to die, because he made himself the Son of God." 8 When therefore Pilate heard this saying, he was more afraid. 9 He entered into the Praetorium again, and said to Jesus, "Where are you from?" But Jesus gave him no answer.

Meditation Question: Why was Pilate afraid when the Jews said, "By our law he ought to die, because he claims to be the Son of God."

10 Pilate therefore said to him, "Aren't you speaking to me? Don't you know that I have power to release you and have power to crucify you?" 11 Jesus answered, "You would have no power at all against me, unless it were given to you from above. Therefore he who delivered me to you has greater sin."

Meditation Question: How did Jesus view Pilate's authority? Why was the sin of Caiaphas the high priest, who handed Jesus over to Pilate, worse than Pilate's sin?

12 At this, Pilate was seeking to release him, but the Jews cried out, saying, "If you release this man, you aren't Caesar's friend! Everyone who makes himself a king speaks against Caesar!" 13 When Pilate therefore heard these words, he brought Jesus out and sat down on the judgment seat at a place called "The Pavement", but in Hebrew, "Gabbatha."

Meditation Question: Why did Pilate give in to the Jews and decide to crucify Jesus, even though he knew Jesus was innocent?

14 Now it was the Preparation Day of the Passover, at about the sixth hour. He said to the Jews, "Behold, your King!" 15 They cried out, "Away with him! Away with him! Crucify him!" Pilate said to them, "Shall I crucify your King?" The chief priests answered, "We have no king but Caesar!" 16 So then he delivered him to them to be crucified. So they took Jesus and led him away.

Meditation Question: Why did Pilate say to the Jewish leaders, "Behold, your King?" And, "Shall I crucify your King?"

John 19:17-24 Jesus is nailed to the cross

17 He went out, bearing his cross, to the place called "The Place of a Skull", which is called in Hebrew, "Golgotha", 18 where they crucified him, and with him two others, on either side one, and Jesus in the middle. 19 Pilate wrote a title also, and put it on the cross. There was written, "JESUS OF NAZARETH, THE KING OF THE JEWS."

20 Therefore many of the Jews read this title, for the place where Jesus was crucified was near the city; and it was written in Hebrew, in Latin, and in Greek. 21 The chief priests of the Jews therefore said to Pilate, "Don't write, 'The King of the Jews,' but, 'he said, "I am King of the Jews."'" 22 Pilate answered, "What I have written, I have written."

Meditation Question: Why did Pilate write, "JESUS OF NAZARETH, THE KING OF THE JEWS" and put it on the cross of Jesus?

23 Then the soldiers, when they had crucified Jesus, took his garments and made four parts, to every soldier a part; and also the coat. Now the coat was without seam, woven from the top throughout. 24 Then they said to one another, "Let's not tear it, but cast lots for it to decide whose it will be," that the Scripture might be fulfilled, which says, "They parted my garments among them. For my cloak they cast lots" (Psalm 22:18). Therefore the soldiers did these things.

Meditation Question: Why do you think small details like the soldiers dividing Jesus' clothes by casting lots were prophesied in the Old Testament (Psalm 22:18)?

John 19:25-30 The death of Jesus

25 But standing by Jesus' cross were his mother, his mother's sister, Mary the wife of Clopas, and Mary Magdalene. 26 Therefore when Jesus saw his mother, and the disciple whom he loved standing there, he said to his mother, "Woman, behold, your son!"27 Then he said to the disciple, "Behold, your mother!" From that hour, the disciple took her to his own home.

Meditation Question: Why do you think that Jesus entrusted the care of his mother to his disciple John even though he had brothers?

28 After this, Jesus, seeing that all things were now finished, that the Scripture might be fulfilled, said, "I am thirsty" (Psalm 69:21). 29 Now a vessel full of vinegar was set there; so they put a sponge full of the vinegar on hyssop, and held it at his mouth. 30 When Jesus therefore had received the vinegar, he said, "It is finished." He bowed his head, and gave up his spirit.

Meditation Question: Why do you think the Old Testament included the detail that Jesus would be given vinegar to drink? (Psalm 69:21)

Meditation Question: Why did Jesus say, "It is finished?" Why is it such a powerful declaration for us?

John 19:31-42 Jesus is buried

31 Therefore the Jews, because it was the Preparation Day, so that the bodies wouldn't remain on the cross on the Sabbath (for that Sabbath was a special one), asked of Pilate that their legs might be broken, and that they might be taken away. 32 Therefore the soldiers came, and broke the legs of the first, and of the other who was crucified with him; 33 but when they came to Jesus, and saw that he was already dead, they didn't break his legs. 34 However one of the soldiers pierced his side with a spear, and immediately blood and water came out.

Meditation Question: Why didn't they break Jesus' legs? What is the significance of the soldiers piercing Jesus side with a spear causing blood and water to come out?

35 He who has seen has testified, and his testimony is true. He knows that he tells the truth, that you may believe. 36 For these things happened that the Scripture might be fulfilled, "A bone of him will not be broken" (Psalm 34:20). 37 Again another Scripture says, "They will look on him whom they pierced" (Zechariah 12:10).

Meditation Question: These verses point out two prophecies in the Old Testament about Jesus: "Not one of his bones will be broken." And "They will look on the one they have pierced." Why are these and many other prophecies about Jesus significant?

38 After these things, Joseph of Arimathaea, being a disciple of Jesus, but secretly for fear of the Jews, asked of Pilate that he might take away Jesus' body. Pilate gave him permission. He came therefore and took away his body. **39** Nicodemus, who at first came to Jesus by night, also came bringing a mixture of myrrh and aloes, about a hundred Roman pounds. **40** So they took Jesus' body, and bound it in linen cloths with the spices, as the custom of the Jews is to bury. **41** Now in the place where he was crucified there was a garden. In the garden was a new tomb in which no man had ever yet been laid. **42** Then because of the Jews' Preparation Day (for the tomb was near at hand) they laid Jesus there.

Meditation Question: How do you think Joseph of Arimathea and Nicodemus felt as they prepared Jesus body for burial and laid him in the tomb?

Meditation Question: How do you think Joseph and Nicodemus felt after Jesus rose from the dead? Do you think they remained secret disciples?